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T. J. FISTER.

FIRE. FIRE. FIRE. - 1,000. Cords
of Wood for sale at McKee & Bro., delivered to
any part of the city at \$5.00 per cord. Also soft
wood for building will receive immediate attention.
Jauvesville Dec. 27, 1894. McKee & Bro.,
decs27

A GOOD HOUSE AND THREE
acres of land with a nice place, barn, corn crib,
and a good garden, for sale cheap. Apply to
fr. A. Patterson, Esq. or G. C. Campbell, Jauvesville,
Wisconsin.
Particulars - Jan17:4dec688

TAMARINDS - Fresh and nice at
PHILADELPHIA DRUGSTORE

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

For local matter, city notices, railroad directory, arrival and departure of mails, and market reports, see fourth page.

The News.

We had hoped to be able to give this evening, the quota of the city under the last call, but the matter is in such a sublimely middle that we cannot be justified in so much as guessing at it. Sufficient is known, however, to warrant us in saying that it will be quite large enough to suit the most enthusiastic patriot.

Our dispatches are burdened with the rumors of peace. Blair has returned from Richmond where he dined with Davis, and now the newspapers are disputing as to what news he brings. We believe peace to be impossible upon any terms that we could accept without disgrace. The rebels are not yet sufficiently whipped to succumb, but they are in a fair way for it. Gold closed at 2.15.

Letter from Rock.

Editors Gazette:—In common with your readers we have been much interested and entertained with the letters which you have published from our various sister towns, and last of Rock should fail to be represented among the rest, we will attempt to give some jottings of our present progress.

Divided by that noble stream, from which our town as well as county derives its name, we do not concentrate as much as some of our sister towns in the general jottings of a civil or social nature. Again our proximity to the neighboring cities of Janesville and Beloit prevent us from having a common centre, and very many of our citizens are accustomed to mingle with those of the above named places, in civil, political and religious festivities. Our population is diversified and varied in its origin. We have among us very many of both Celtic and Teutonic nativity. Like other of our sister towns, we can boast that our limits are not defiled with saloons or grog shops, yet we are sorry to record that some of our citizens are quite oblivious of moral cares when they return from some of those peculiar institutions located in their otherwise beautiful city.

In the southern part of our town upon the Madison branch of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, we have a small village named from one of the songs of Scott's bard, where quite an amount of business is done. In this village we have a fine church, where Sabbath and Sunday school privileges are enjoyed, and during the winter season musical entertainments have been given, quite satisfactory to all concerned. In the northern part of our town we have a Soldiers' Aid Society, where a few self-sacrificing ladies have done much to assuage the griefs and add to the joys of soldier life. Although we have not made as much noise or clamor as some of our sister towns about bounties or the great number of men which we have sent to the war, yet our records will testify that we have borne our full share in the great struggle of human rights. Many of our sons sleep their last sleep upon southern soil; others have suffered all the baneful miseries of the pitiless Bastilles of the boasted civility of modern times.

On New Year's day we paid the last respects to the wife of one of our townsmen, Mr. Harvey Hylt, whose disease and death are worthy of record. For more than twenty years she has suffered from a tumor growing upon her neck. Its proportions were small for many years, but during the last two years it began to increase in size and severity. Several able physicians were consulted, who differed in regard to the nature of the disease. For the last few months the swelling assumed fearful proportions, and surgical operations were about to be undertaken, when the tumor burst and she soon sank and expired.

We are now busy with the last call, which will be cheerfully met. Rocks.

A NUMBER of charitable residents of Monroe, assembled a few days ago, and, with the consent of the owners, made a raid on the wood lots of neighboring farmers, and cut, hauled and distributed some forty loads of wood for the poor of that village.

Gen. Sherman, according to the New York Times' Washington special, writes privately to high officials most encouraging news of the situation in South Carolina. There is no point of importance in that State that does not lie at his mercy.

A NUT FOR GENERAL SINGLETON.—The Chicago Post (Democratic) says: "Richmond papers announce that the poorest whiskey now costs five dollars a drink in that city. We are sorry for the distinguished 'peace Commissioner' from Illinois."

THE CHIPPENWA FALLS UNION says the thermometer was 38 degrees below zero there on the morning of the 18th of Jan.

THERE are rumors that Mr. Seward will succeed Francis Adams as Minister to St. James.

THE MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE has before it a bill providing for the appointment of an immigration agent.

PETRIFIED honey has been found in Nevada, sixteen feet below the surface of the soil.

AMONG the wounded naval officers at Wilmington is the youngest son of United States Senator Harris, of New York.

THE quota of Illinois under the last call is announced at \$5,541.

Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 8.

JANESVILLE, WIS., SATURDAY, JAN. 28, 1865.

NUMBER 283.

Madison Correspondence.

(From our Special Correspondent.)

MADISON, January 27, 1865.

Editors Gazette:—Since my last, the general bounty bill has been passed in the Assembly and received in the Senate, and the naval depot question after another long and varied discussion, has been decided by the adoption of the original memorial in favor of Milwaukee as the best place in the State for the depot.

A joint resolution, requesting the Governor to endeavor to obtain from the Secretary of War, the restoration of the recruiting regulations under which quotas were so successfully filled on previous calls, has been adopted by both Houses.

In the Assembly, bills are introduced, among others less general, to secure a correct State enrollment; to confer the land grant on the Appleton, Lake St. Croix & Lake Superior Railroad; for the purchase and distribution of a digest of Wisconsin Supreme Court Reports; and for aiding families of drafted men. Also a memorial to Congress to divide the State into two judicial districts, by creating a Western District, and petitions from Dodge and La Crosse counties for the Legislature to relieve farm mortgages to railroads.

In the Senate, bills are introduced, among others, to increase the compensation of Sheriffs for keeping prisoners, from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per week, and to provide for taking a census of the State. Also a petition against the immediate collection of taxes now levied to pay bounties, and a memorial for the better observation of the Sabbath by railroad and steamboat companies. A resolution introduced by Senator Van Wyck, calling for a more enlarged and liberal policy in taking care of Wisconsin soldiers in the field and in hospital, has been adopted. Senator Clark's bill for the payment of the per diem of legislators in gold, has been indefinitely postponed by a vote of 25 to 7. "Sat" advocated this bill with the sagacity of "Old Bullion" of United States Senate renown; but his energetic appeals to his brother Senators to show moral courage on the question and rise above the depressing effect of dear living by getting the gold, were only endorsed by seven votes. Alas! poor "Sat," where are your jokes, your jibes and your dextrous moves that were wont to delight old hard head brethren of the faith; now that you can only get greenbacks for your pay and nothing much left after paying your board, for the old time ecoteers that no ardent legislator can now live and do himself and his quality justice, without.

About 11 o'clock to-day, the number of leaves of absence till Monday evening, asked for by members of the Assembly and granted, showed the House to be quite ready for the usual adjournment. Prior to the adjournment till Monday evening, several bills were hastily passed under a suspension of the rules, and among them, one chartering the "Farmer's Mutual Fire Insurance Company of the counties of Adams, Marquette and Waushara." This bill contains a provision making to the disadvantage of insurers, which will undoubtedly cause it to be amended in the Senate and returned to the House. I cite this bill as an instance of the evil and injustice of hasty legislation. It was not read at length once, and might have become a law containing the following: "No claim for loss or damage by fire, which may occur previous to the company numbering one hundred members, or possessing a capital of forty thousand dollars, shall be valid against said company. No person shall be liable to tax for losses or damages by fire which may have occurred prior to the date of his or her membership." It is to be hoped that our legislators, in their anxiety to forward business, will not allow the plausible title of a bill, or an anxiety to catch the first cars, to overbalance their regard for the protection of the property and interests of their constituents and for the enforcement of those rules, which are wisely provided to guard the passage of every bill. A bill "to change the State Bank of Wisconsin to a National Banking Association," elicited considerable discussion and was finally referred to the Judiciary Committee. This was a needed reference, as it is time that the power of the legislature to annul the nonconditional banking laws of the State should be known, and if it exists, a general bill meeting the cases of State banks wishing to become National banks, will undoubtedly be reported back by the committee.

The Senate, before adjourning, referred the Assembly County Bill which had been considered in Committee of the Whole for some time, to a select committee.

Your "oil item" in Thursday's Gazette, is, I assure you, an "o'er true" tale. The young man who has been oiled out of the land by a cute New York speculator was formerly an enterprising business man of your city, and is known in this city as a shrewd and wary speculator. This makes the transaction more boring to him, as his friends have no difference in approaching him on the subject, and when he says in despair "let the oil run," they say with wicked waggishness "and the \$3,000,000 slide."

I must defer telling you of a musical treat that you may expect from this city until my next, and remain

YANKEE TRUSTEE.

GEN. McCLELLAN.—Gen. McClellan took passage in the British steamer China, which left New York on Wednesday. A number of his personal and political friends tendered him a complimentary dinner.

MEADVILLE, Pa., Jan. 27.—All the boats stolen from the Bank of Crawford County, except \$29,000, were found this morning in a barn near the Bank. The Bank is doing business as usual.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The Tribune's Washington special says a committee of ladies representing 14,000 working women of Philadelphia, employees of government contractors, waited on the President to-day to tell of their sufferings and wrongs. Simeon Cameron, J. W. Towner and other Pennsylvanians accompanied them. The President, deeply impressed, sent for acting quartermaster Gen. Thomas, and told him the story he had heard, and then said with feeling, I shall consider myself personally obliged if you can hereafter manage the supplies of contract work for the government, made up by women, so as to give them remunerative wages for their labor. The General declared if it could be done it should be.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The Commercial's Washington dispatch says it is believed that Mr. Blair's answer to the letter from Mr. Seward to him, which he carried to Richmond, as quasi credentials, will show the utter hopelessness of peace negotiations.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—California Journals are discussing the subject of Napoleon's colonization scheme in Northern Mexico and generally take the view that it will relieve the State of southern malcontents and agitators. Many are already preparing to leave under the invitation of Dr. Gwyn and eventually American settlers will revolutionize the country if the Monroe doctrine is not sooner asserted by the United States Government.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported Expressly for the Gazette.

THE WAR FOR THE UNION!

PEACE RUMORS AGAIN!

JEFF. AND LEE REPRESENTED AS TIRED OF WAR!

GREAT DISAFFECTION IN RICHMOND!

The Rebels Admit the James River Expedition a Failure!

FROM FORT FISHER.

New York, January 27.—The Tribune's Fort Fisher correspondent says the navy has made a magnificent haul. On Wednesday night, the 18th inst., 3 blockade runners were captured off Cape Fear inlet by our fleet, and last night another one. Two of the steamers have just been sent to the United States, and the other is being towed to the United States.

Gen. Sherman's army is in fine condition, and is being rapidly prepared for further operations. Admiral Porter's gunboats were gradually working their way up towards Wilmington.

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FROM NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 23.—The morning papers are filled with peace gossip in connection with Mr. Blair's visit to Richmond. The Times and World say his negotiations have proved a failure.

The Tribune says the result is unknown to outsiders.

The Herald's army of the James correspondent, says the attempted rebel raid on the James river ended in complete failure and their fleet returned back to the ram Drury, blown up by a Union shell.

The rebels landed some troops on Tamar Island in the James, for the purpose of co-operating with their fleet, but these were driven off by a Union force.

A cavalry reconnaissance on Wednesday last, developed the fact that the rebels had made an advance simultaneous with the movement of their gunboats on Tuesday morning, but also failed back.

The Herald's correspondent gives details of the importance of the army and navy. Besides all the guns and ammunition captured in the forts, immense supplies of provisions were also secured, and much other property of great value.

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FROM CANADA.

Toronto, Jan. 23.—Burleigh has understood that no further action can be taken so far as the courts are concerned. No appeal to the privy council has been provided for. The matter of extradition now rests entirely with the executive. It is thought there will be no hesitation or delay in handing over prisoners to the United States authorities.

FROM EUROPE.

New York, Jan. 27.—News of the fall of Savannah caused an advance in American securities, and a fall in rebel securities. The victory at Savannah neutralized the effect of the news of the fall of Savannah. The British press contain high compliments of Sherman as a General.

FROM EUROPE.

The London Times editorially replies to rumors from America that France and England contemplate an early recognition of the Confederate States, saying it does not believe such a movement had been entertained for one moment, and that a step would prove fatal to the Government. It emphatically denies it ever encouraged any idea of intervention with England.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

New York, January 23.—The steamer Fanny State from New Orleans Jan. 21 has arrived, no mail news. Col. J. R. Slack of the 47th Ind., has been commissioned Brig. Gen.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 23.—The House adjourned to-day especially for the consideration of the Anti-Slavery constitutional amendment. It being the intention to take vote on it Tuesday, Higby of Cal., spoke in favor of the amendment.

New Advertisements.

AN ORDINANCE to regulate the management of the city of Janesville, and to provide for the better government thereof.

Section 1.—No person shall be allowed to keep a dog or cat in the city of Janesville, unless such dog or cat is licensed by the city.

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Miscellaneous.

MILWAUKEE & PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILROAD.

The Sun's Supply.
The sources and replenishment of the sun's heat has been a subject of curious speculation among astronomers for many years. Some have held that the sun is gradually throwing off the heat which was given to it when the Creator launched it in space; others, that it is not a heated body, but that its rays are perfectly cold and act by some unknown chemical law upon the substance of heat on this earth, through the medium of our atmosphere. (Sir Wm. Herschel maintained this opinion.) Others, again, that the sun is a ball of glowing gas, and that the heat which it radiates is caused by the friction of the gases in the course of its expansion, or by the prodigious radiation of heat, might be fed to some extent by convection currents in the sun's disc. This idea of Newton's, at best a shadow and a fading conjecture, has been worked up, and improved upon by the later physicists, and is now seriously brought forward as the only rational way to account for the origin and unfailing supply of the sun's heat. According to the theory of the heavens are full of comets, asteroids, meteors and other celestial matter, forever circling about the central luminary in diminishing orbits, and finally pitching head foremost into the incandescent path. The zodiacal light, which has been for centuries one of the chief mysteries of the skies, plays an important part in this theory, for it is claimed to be composed of closely packed asteroids or other celestial substances gradually nearing the sun. Being crowded together and reflecting the solar light, they are visible after dark in the form of a thin pyramid or fan, rising high towards the zenith. The zodiacal light is supposed to encircle the sun, and having its greater diameter in the plane of the solar equator, it presents to the eye of the earthly spectator only its edge.

The ablest champion of this theory is Dr. Mayer, of Germany, whose treatise on Celestial Dynamics has recently been published, in connection with a number of other essays on the problems of the universe, under the general title of the "Correlation and Conservation of Forces." Dr. Mayer assumes at the start that the sun is a molten mass, raised to a heat that would vaporize platinum or any other of the most infusible known substances. This is his first hypothesis. His next is that in the wise economy of nature, there must be some source of heat to replace the enormous losses sustained by the radiation of the sun's heat. This, he assumes (for there is really no evidence upon the subject) to be an exceedingly rarefied, resisting medium pervading the heavenly spaces, which obstructs the movements of all objects revolving about the sun until at last they fall in to their centripetal overcoming their centrifugal force. On this hypothesis, the earth and all the planets of our system, encountering the resistance of the universal medium, will eventually drop into the sun. Having a greater density and magnitude than the widely disseminated floating celestial matter, the planets approach their doom more slowly, but not less surely. The time will come—perhaps millions of centuries hence—when this earth will be choked, like a lump of coal, into the roaring solar furnace. The preliminary to Dr. Mayer's grand argument are all assumption—clever pieces of guess work—unproved by a particle of positive testimony.

Having premised all this, Dr. Mayer finds little difficulty in showing, not only how the heat of the sun is maintained, but how it was originated. Heat being developed, in accordance with a well known law, by the violent contact of bodies, as well as by chemical processes, he claims that the sun, being perpetually bombarded by asteroids and what not, falling into it at a velocity of not less than sixty miles a second, must have been raised to and is now kept at an incalculably high degree of heat. The supply of celestial matter he considers to be wonderfully abundant. He quotes Kepler's celebrated statement that "there are more comets in the heavens than fish in the ocean," comparatively few of them being visible, by reason of their peculiar organization, to the inhabitants of this earth. He refers to the fact, that, on a bright night, twenty minutes seldom elapse without a shooting star being perceptible to an observer in any situation. He alludes also to the famous fire shower of 1833, when at least 240,000 meteors were estimated, by a spectator at Boston, Mass., to have impinged upon the earth's atmosphere within the period of nine hours. According to the calculus of probabilities, the number of these wandering bodies approaches the infinite, so that no fears need be entertained that the supply will give out for some time yet.

Such is a barren outline of a most eloquent and ingenious argument. It is far from satisfactory. A portion of it—the probable effect that would be produced by the falling of comets, or meteors, or any forms of matter into the sun—is plausible enough. Grant that there is a continuous fusillade of such objects, striking the sun in countless numbers, at a velocity of not less than sixty miles a second, and you must concede that an enormous amount of heat would be developed. The question, after all, is, do the comets, etc., fall into the sun? Dr. Mayer has no evidence on this point, which is the gist of the whole matter. The hypothesis of the ether, as trying to account for the perturbations in the movements of the comets which bears his name, hit upon the idea of an ether as the best explanation. Herschel and other illustrious philosophers dissented from Encke's view, and attributed the change in his comet's motion to the gradual loss of its tail. To accept the hypothesis of an ether (it is said by those who dissent from it) is to regard this majestic universe as no better than an organized chaos, bearing within its own bosom the seeds of its destruction; for, sooner or later, the whole planetary system must find its grave in the sun, if the theory of a resisting medium is correct. The theory of a resisting medium is a molten mass, but we have room to state but one, if it is liquid fire—as Dr. Mayer assumes—what explanation can be given of those shifting black spots, which are continually to be seen, and which appear to terrestrial eyes like glimpses of a solid orb caught through the rifts of a phosphore? That the body of the sun is solid; that the luminous and heating properties of the sun may be confined to its envelopes, or photosphere, created and replenished in conformity to some law not yet surmised; that we experience the effects of light and heat only by virtue of our peculiar atmosphere; that the sun itself may be a temperate and pleasant place to dwell in, and the home of myriads of sentient beings, responsible, like men, to the Divine Author of all—the conjecture, if it is maintained, are quite as plausible as Dr. Mayer's, and seem to be more consistent with the infinite wisdom and beneficence of the Creator.

Notwithstanding the objections which environ this theory, it meets with much favor among the advanced school of scientific enquirers. The hypothesis of a universal ether is regarded as highly probable. But other philosophers, starting out from the same hypothesis, reach conclusions widely at variance with Dr. Mayer's. Mr. Vaughan, of Cincinnati, in a paper

read before the British Association, takes the ground, and ably maintains it, that the other itself supports the combustion of the sun. Assuredly it might do so, as well as the impalpable and ghostly comets and other celestial will-o'-the-wisps. Tenuous as the ether may be, it can hardly be thinner than the ethereal stuff Professor Challenger—also of the United States—who has patiently investigated the subject for many years, entirely discards the meteoric theory of the zodiacal light, regarding it as more luminosity of the space it occupies. He agrees with the theory of an all-pervading ether, and thinks that the zodiacal light is caused by undulations of the ether, originated by the revolution of the sun upon its axis. He offers no explanation whatever of the source or supply of the solar heat.

Until philosophers have more data to go by, in their studies of this interesting question, their theories and speculations belong rather to the domain of romance than to that of science. Up to this time the boasted explanations of the wonderful solar phenomena have been—It is evident—but guesses at the still hidden truth.

Janessville Daily Gazette.
SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1863.

An Argument that Proves too Much.
The Milwaukee papers are endeavoring to make a point against the Northwestern Railroad Company and Chicago interests in particular, by citing the well known fact that the above road charges the same rate on freights from Fond du Lac to Green Bay that it does to Chicago, although the distance to Green Bay is not a third as much; or in other words, the Northwestern road makes Wisconsin farmers pay tribute to Chicago against their will. This is all very true and as wrong as true, but it is just the identical thing which the Milwaukee roads are guilty of. Ever since the LaCrosse road has been completed, Minnesota wheat and other products have been carried to Milwaukee for less per hundred pounds than the freight of Wisconsin men who have borne almost insupportable burdens to build the road. While the Northwestern road discriminates against the Wisconsin farmer in favor of Chicago, the Milwaukee roads discriminate against him in favor of the Minnesota and Iowa farmers.

To illustrate: It costs more to send a bushel of wheat from Beaver Dam or Janessville to Milwaukee, than it does to send it from LaCrosse or Prairie du Chien to Milwaukee; and the farmers of Rock and Dodge counties, who had reason to expect that the building of these roads would enhance the value of their lands by bringing them nearer to market, see now that it is the lands of Iowa and Minnesota that have been increased in value instead of theirs, and that settlers from the older states who are seeking new homes, find the markets quite as good or better two hundred miles away; and all by reason of this unjust rate of tariff. The merchants at any of the way stations on any of these roads, pay more freight on goods from Milwaukee or Chicago, than they do from New York or Boston to either of the above named ports. And the only way to protect the Wisconsin merchant who has merchandise to bring in, and the farmer who has products to ship out, is for the legislature to encourage competition and frown down all schemes of consolidation in every quarter and wherever they have the power. This is the only salvation for the farmer and business men of Wisconsin. A monopoly having its head in Milwaukee or Chicago, is just as soulless and as grinding as if it originated anywhere else. And for these very reasons the present legislature, which is the guardian of the people's interests, should bestow the land grant upon some new company, with a forfeiting clause in the charter, should it ever consolidate with any other line.

If Fond du Lac be made the starting point of the new road, running to Ripon, Berlin, Stevens Point and thence to Lake Superior as is contemplated by the grant, perhaps the inducements then would be sufficiently strong to galvanize Milwaukee into building an air line road to Fond du Lac. The Sheboygan road is nearly completed to Fond du Lac already, and the connection would be made in a very short time should the route indicated above be adopted, which would give an outlet to the lake via Sheboygan or Milwaukee as the shipper might elect. A glance at the map of the State will readily convince any one of its practicability and of its vast importance as a means of developing the immense resources of the State, the very object contemplated by the grant. To this arrangement Milwaukee will be glad to consent, and with the assistance of other points named, together with other inducements that may be brought to bear, the matter may be accomplished. With a new company to build the road from the foot of Lake Winnebago that shall be strictly prohibited by its charter from all "unholy alliances," and the lines from Milwaukee to Fond du Lac, and from Sheboygan to Fond du Lac, completed and operated by a separate company, the overshadowing monopoly which every honest well-wisher of the people so much decries, would be avoided, and the best interests of the whole State subserved.

To this view of the subject, the attention of the Railroad Committee of the Legislature is respectfully invited.

GUY SHERMAN, in a letter written a few days ago, in speaking of the enrollment of negroes, and recruiting officers from the Northern States, says "that the business as now carried on is worse than the slave trade, and the enrolling officers are worse than the slave dealers."

A STORY REPORTER.—Mr. Wendell Phillips was riding in a railroad car, when he was addressed by a man of such extraordinary appearance that he seemed to carry everything before him. The man asked Mr. Phillips what the negro was the best of. "To benefit the negro," was the blunt reply. "Well then, why don't you go down South to do it?" "That is worth thinking of," I see a white cravat around your neck, may, what is the object of your life?" "To save souls from hell." "May I ask you whether you propose to go there to do it?"

RELIGIOUS.
REV. DR. ADAMS, of Philadelphia, in his recent Thanksgiving discourse, speaking of an early-morning call upon Mr. Lincoln, made the following statement: "Morning came, and I hastened my toilet, and found myself, at a quarter to five, in the waiting-room of the President. I asked the usher if I could see Mr. Lincoln. He said I could not. 'But I have an engagement to meet him this morning.' 'At what hour?' 'At five o'clock.' 'Well, sir, he will see you at five.' I then walked to and fro for a few minutes, and hearing a voice as if in grave conversation, I asked the servant: 'Who is talking in the next room?' 'It is the President, sir.' 'Is anybody with him?' 'No, sir, he is reading the Bible.' 'Is that his habit so early in the morning?' 'Yes, sir, he spends every morning from four o'clock to five, in reading the Scriptures and praying.'"

THE GREAT CHANGE.
My brethren, said Dr. Payson, through the great change we have been considering, you must all pass. Your bodies must be changed. In a few years, of all the bodies which now fill this house, nothing but a few handfuls of dust will remain. Your mode of existence will be changed. Your disembodied but still living spirits will pass into a new and untrod state of being. Your place of residence will be changed. The places which now know you will soon know you no more. Another assembly will fill this house. Other inhabitants will dwell in your habitations. Other names will glitter over the marls of business, and yours will be transferred to the tombstone. And when this world has lost you, another will have received you. After you are dead and forgotten here, you will be alive and capable of exquisite happiness or misery elsewhere.

After you are removed from all the objects which now affect you, a new world, new objects, new beings will rise upon you and affect you in a manner far more powerful than you are or can now be effected. Above all, when this world and all that it contains, sinks from your view, God, that Being of whom you heard so much and perhaps thought so little—that Being who formed, and now invisibly surrounds and upholds you, will burst in upon and fill your mind—all it will delight in conceiving, or agony unutterable, according to the state of your moral character. And as it will continue to affect you forever; for neither His character, or yours, will ever change. Long after all remembrance of you shall have been blotted from the earth, during all the remaining centuries which the sun may measure out to succeeding generations of mortals, you will be bathing in delight, or writhing in agony, in the beams of Jehovah's presence. And even after this world shall have ceased to exist, when the sun and stars are quenched in endless night, you will still continue the same individual and conscious being that you are, and will still hear, and through eternity will continue to hear, that stamp of moral character, with all its consequences, in which you are so fixed, and in which you will be unchangeably fixed by death.

CHRIST'S PREACHING.
How did Christ preach the gospel? He forbade family quarrels. He warned his hearers against the evil practices of the Scribes and Pharisees. He bade no one dare to come up to the temple to worship until he had paid his just debt to God, and to come up to the temple to worship in adultery was that they might slay him. He talked to them about their families, and their lawsuits, and their habits of borrowing. He told them how they should accept people in the streets, what they should give away, and how they should give it: how they should keep fast day. He told them just how religion bore upon their business and their associations. He bade them not to backbite or slander. He warned them against preachers who came preaching false doctrine. Common things he discussed in common language, enlivening his discourse with pungent questions, illustrating it with vivid and beautiful pictures drawn from summer fields and humble homes. Through it all sang the tender tone of love— pity for the suffering, strength for the weak, trust and comfort for the poor. No wonder the people were astonished at his doctrines, and when he came down from the mountain great multitudes followed him.

We want in you a Christianity that is Christian across counters, over dinner-tables, behind the neighbor's back, as to his face.

Special Notices.
A CARD TO INVALIDS.
A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Herpes, Scabies, Eczema, Psoriasis, and other cutaneous diseases, and the whole train of disorders brought on by bad diet and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who will send me a card, addressed to yourself, to J. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Biltmore House, New York City.

A CARD TO THE SUFFERING.
Swallow two or three handfuls of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Sarsaparilla," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, and one box of Dr. Buchanan's English Specific Pills—be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the bowels and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by JAS. S. BUTLER, No. 47 Broadway, New York.

CUTANEA.
A SWEET, SAFE, AND SURE CURE FOR THE HERPES—For sale by Druggists and Dealers generally. CUTANEA is a liquid preparation, holding in solution a large percentage of the Proto-Sulphate of Calcium. It has been carefully tested by some of the most eminent and successful members of the Medical Profession, who have examined our formula, and adopted it in their practice. It is free from the objections that attach to the use of ointments and other mercurial preparations, and acts directly and promptly, upon the cause of the disease. A single application, properly made, is sufficient to effect a complete cure. Full directions accompanying each package. Prepared by A. PALMER & SON, Druggists and Chemists, Janessville, Wis. Boxes supplied on liberal terms. dec14aw56

DEAR SIR—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it (free of charge), with full directions for making and using a certain Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days Pimples, blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful. I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Mustache, in less than thirty days. All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours, THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, 821 Broadway, New York. dec14aw56

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.
This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the delicate appearance so coveted in the belle of fashion. It cures, too, the complexion, freckles, and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It continues the natural color of the skin, and is a most valuable and beautiful skin medicine. Patented by W. E. HAGAN, Troy, N. Y. Every lady should have it. Sold everywhere. Prepared by W. E. HAGAN, Troy, N. Y. Address all orders to DENNIS BARNES & CO., N. Y. dec14aw56

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.
The parties in St. Louis and Cincinnati, who have been counterfeiting the Mustang Liniment under the name of "Mustang Liniment," have been thoroughly exposed by the Courts. To guard against further imposition, I have prepared a special stamp, which I place upon the top of each bottle. Each stamp bears the fac-simile of my Signature, and without which the article is a counterfeit, dangerous and worthless imitation. Examine every bottle. This Liniment has been in use and growing in favor for many years. There hardly exists a handle on the habitable globe that does not contain evidence of its wonderful effects. It is the best remedy in the world. With the present improved ingredients, its effects upon man and beast are perfectly remarkable. Sores are healed, pains relieved, rheumatism, valuable animals made useful, and mortals the benefited. For cuts, bruises, sprains, rheumatism, swellings, bites, cuts, caked breasts, strained bones, &c., it is a Sovereign Remedy that should never be dispensed with. It should be in every family. Sold by all Druggists.

DENNIS BARNES
No. 125 Nassau St. N. Y.

LYON'S KATHARON.
Katharon is from the Greek word "Katharo," or "Katharos," signifying clean, pure, and restorative. This article is what its name signifies, it preserves, restores, and beautifies the human face. It is the most remarkable preparation in the world. It is again owned and put up by the original proprietor, and is now made with the same care, skill and attention which gave it a sale of over one million bottles per annum. It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It cures dandruff, itching, and all scalp diseases. It keeps the hair cool and clean. It makes the hair grow and glossy. It prevents the hair from falling out and falling gray. It restores hair upon bald heads. Any lady or gentleman who values a beautiful head of hair should use Lyon's Katharon. It is known and used throughout the civilized world. Sold by all respectable dealers.

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FURNITURE! FURNITURE!
N. SWACER,
Manufacturer of

Furniture and Cabinet Ware,
will announce to the citizens of Janessville, Rock and adjoining counties, that he has on hand the largest and best selected stock of furniture that has ever been in Janessville, and notwithstanding the great rise in prices of labor, material, &c., he is not only able to determine to sell his immense stock of furniture for cash on hand.

Without any Advance in Price
over the old prices, though furniture has everywhere else advanced at least from 25 to 75 cents over the old rates, and as it may be believed that he has made more for furniture than he did before, he will deprecate the sale to every one who will call and examine his stock, as he is sure to give entire satisfaction to the most fastidious. Both in price, quality and style. He has a large stock of new and second-hand furniture, including Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Dressing Cases, and all the latest styles of furniture, and is prepared to furnish on credit, or to sell for cash.

Do you wish to be cured?
Dr. Buchanan's English Specific Pills cure in less than thirty days, the worst cases of Nervousness, Insanity, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Incontinence, and all Urinary, Sexual and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price One Dollar per box. Sent, postpaid, by mail, on receipt of one order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address—JAMES S. BUTLER, General Agent, 47 Broadway, New York. dec14aw56

A REMEDY FOR THE PILES.
It is a blessing to the suffering to know that we have an effective cure for this truly troublesome disease. Mr. J. P. HAZARD, of 164 Second Street, Cincinnati, O., takes great pleasure in informing all who are suffering with piles that he has used a small quantity of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy, and it effected a permanent cure. This comes to be the case with all who make use of this effective preparation. It is manufactured at No. 6 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O., and sold by all Druggists.

WM. BOOTH general agent for Wisconsin. **E. F. COLLWELL** wholesale agent for Wisconsin. dec14aw56

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INSURANCE.
FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE!
CASH CAPITAL REPRESENTED,
\$6,000,000!
Springfield, Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital, \$6,000,000
Surplus, \$200,000

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NEW HAVEN, CONN.
Capital, \$500,000
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Manhattan Fire Insurance Co.,
The oldest Co. in New York. Incorporated 1821.
Capital, \$1,000,000
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Phoenix Fire Insurance Company,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.
Capital, \$1,000,000
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NEW YORK, N. Y.
Capital, \$2,000,000
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Office in Plattsburgh, N. Y., at Janessville, N. Y.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to us are requested to call and settle immediately and pay a receipt and more urgent call.

SEASONED LUMBER
In the State, having lately added nearly the entire stock of D. W. Seelye & Co., to that of our previous stock on hand. Customers cannot fail to be pleased with the quality and price.

LONG TIMBER AND JOIST
over in this market, and all large bills of all dimensions.

6,000 Cords of Dry or Green Wood Wanted,
on which cash will be paid or lumber exchanged. Jan25aw56

DR. SEELYE'S LIQUID CATARRH REMEDY.
One hundred and fifty directions are followed. Hundreds of Citizens of Chicago have been Permanently Cured by this Medicine.

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DR. WRIGHT'S
REJUVENATING ELIXIR
Or, Essence of Life.

Prepared from pure Vegetable extracts, containing nothing injurious to the most delicate.

As the Phoenix rises from the ashes of its fire, animated with new life—so will this ELIXIR rejuvenate the system and overcome disease.

The Rejuvenating Elixir is the result of modern discoveries in the vegetable kingdom; being an entirely new and abstract method of cure, irrespective of all old and worn-out systems.

This method has been tested by the most eminent medical men of the day, and by them pronounced to be one of the greatest medical discoveries of the age.

One bottle will cure general Debility.

A few doses cure Hysteria in females.

One bottle cures the most violent Rheumatism.

From one to three bottles restore the weak and feeble to full vigor of youth.

A few doses restore the appetite.

Three bottles cure the weakness of Lungs.

A few doses cure the loss of sleep.

One bottle restores general power.

A few doses bring the rate to the cheek.

This medicine restores to many vigor and health, and the poor debilitated, worn-down and ailing.

The Elixir, as stated above, the over-taken man, who is the victim of nervous depression, the suffering from general debility, will all find immediate and permanent relief in the use of this Elixir.

Essence of Life.

One bottle cures the loss of sleep.

Three bottles cure the weakness of Lungs.

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A few doses cure the loss of sleep.

One bottle restores general power.

A few doses bring the rate to the cheek.

This medicine restores to many vigor and health, and the poor debilitated, worn-down and ailing.

The Elixir, as stated above, the over-taken man, who is the victim of nervous depression, the suffering from general debility, will all find immediate and permanent relief in the use of this Elixir.

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SATURDAY, JAN. 28, 1885.

CITY AND COUNTY.

RAILROAD DIRECTORY.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Chicago & Northwestern.		
Arrive	Depart	
Chicago	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.
Madison	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.
St. Paul	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.
St. Louis	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.
St. Paul	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.
St. Louis	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.

Mil. & Prairie du Chien.

ARRIVE.		
From Milwaukee	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.
From Madison	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.
From St. Paul	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.
From St. Louis	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.

Arrival and Departure

of the mails at the Janesville Post Office, on and after May 18th, 1884.		
ARRIVE.	CLOSE.	DEPART.
Chicago	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.
Madison	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.
St. Paul	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.
St. Louis	1:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.

Rev. E. J. Goodspeed is expected to

preach to-morrow at the Baptist church.

The sixth lecture of the course on Life

will be given at the Presbyterian church,

on to-morrow evening, subject—Manhood.

SUNDAY EVENING LECTURES.—The fifth

lecture of this course will be given in Hope

Chapel to-morrow evening at seven o'clock.

Subject—Channing.

PERSONAL.—Rev. E. F. Baker, the new

Rector elect of Christ Church, is, we un-

derstand, still detained by illness, at Chi-

cago. It is expected that he will be here

next week.

The funeral of William Frank will be

attended at the residence of his father, M.

W. Frank, on Main street, at 1 o'clock p.

m., at the Baptist Church at half past one,

on Sunday, Jan. 29th. Services by Rev.

E. J. Goodspeed.

THE RAILROAD ORDINANCE.—The city

ordinance to regulate the running of trains

within the city limits, will be found in

another column. It is good as far as it

goes, and ought to have been adopted and

rigidly enforced long ago. But it does

not fully meet the necessities of the case,

inasmuch as it does not provide a penalty

for blocking up the public streets of the

city by leaving trains of cars standing

across them, to the disgust and hindrance

of the public. The old right of "eminent

domain" ought to have been clearly as-

serted in the ordinance just passed.

TYPGRAPHICAL.—"Tom. Clifton" is

informed that the typographical errors of

of which he complains, are to be charged

to his own carelessness in writing, more

than anything else. Men who aspire to

write for the press, have no right to send

such infernal manuscript to the printer as

requires the time of printers, foreman and

editors to decipher. The time of all hands

engaged on a daily paper that must go to

press when the clock strikes a certain

hour, is too precious for that.

We rejoice and give thanks at every an-

noyance of these careless correspondents

who never cross a t, nor dot an i. If

"Tomuel" wanted his name to appear at

the head of his article, why didn't he put

it there? However, we will endeavor to

make the corrections he notes, before the

article appears in the Weekly.

OUR QUOTA.—There being considerable

anxiety to ascertain the actual quota of the

district at large and the several sub-dis-

tricts, we publish the following paragraph

from Provost Marshal General Fry to the

Provost Marshal General of the State.

We hope our readers will see through it.

The quota of this district is 2201. What

the number to be furnished by this city is

has not been yet determined.

In order to equalize this credit, you will

multiply the quota of the district by three

thus reducing it from a three years to a

one year basis. To the product add the

excess of years' service, and then distrib-

ute this sum to the several sub-districts,

in proportion to the number enrolled in

each.

This gives the number of years of service

required from each sub-district, in de-

duced by the excess. From this number

deduct the excess which the sub-district

has actually furnished, and the remainder

is the actual number of years service re-

quired, which divided by three, gives the

actual number of men required from the

sub-district under the call."

Musical Convention in Johnston.

Johnston, Jan. 27th, 1885.

Meas. Editors:—The Musical Con-

vention, held at the Congregational Church

in this place, for the past three days has

been a success, under the guidance of your

townsman, Mr. N. H. Bennett, with Mrs.

Bennett, pianist.

The concert last evening was thinly at-

tended on account of the severity of the

weather; but those present enjoyed a rich

treat. The musical talent from abroad

was well represented. Miss Palmer, of

Evansville, appeared in a number of quan-

tities and solo, her fine soprano delighting

all. Mr. John R. Bennett, of your city,

informed the uninformed who "Nico-

demus" was, and gave us the *basen* part of

some of our quartets, besides balancing

the convention and audience in

chorus. "Marching thro' Georgia," and

"Redeemed by Blood," and other pieces.

seemed to elicit much praise; but "Uncle

Abc's rebellious Boys," a quartet for

male voices, in chanting style, was chant-

ed in a variety of keys to the edification of

all, no doubt.

During the Convention, an association

for improvement in music was formed, its

next meeting to be at Allan's Grove. The

services of Mr. Bennett as conductor, were

secured, which action needs no comment,

as Mr. Bennett's abilities are well known

to the people of Rock and Walworth, as a

successful teacher of music.

The harmony of the Convention, both

musical and social, was complete.

ALTS.

THIRTY gentlemen of Cincinnati last

year put in \$1,000 each, bought a tract of

land, expended \$5,000 more in boring for

oil, but meeting with no success at that

time, concluded to let it rest awhile. Last

week they disposed of their claim to par-

ties in New York for \$350,000, oil hav-

ing showed itself in great quantities.

HOW THE OIL SPECULATORS WORK THEIR

CARDS.—The New York Times gives the

following as the *modus operandi* of the

speculators in Pennsylvania oil lands: "A

speculator looks at a farm—still in an un-

developed condition as to oil—asks the un-

suspecting owner what is his price; finds

that it is about six times the price of

farming lands in districts similarly sit-

uated for marketing purposes; pays the

farmer \$50 to \$100 for the privilege of re-

fusing the property within fifteen days;

runs it meanwhile, into the oil stock mar-

ket, and endeavors to double the real own-

er's price on it before the fourteen days

have expired. This operation, then, is re-

peated again and again, on a purely specu-

lative basis, until probably the 100-acre

lot comes to figure in the market for \$100,

000.

From the Editor of the Fond du Lac

Reporter.

Dr. V. Clarence Price the Analytical

Physician has now visited this city for

three years. During this time he has

built up a practice by his means in-geni-

ous, the benefits of which his patients can

truly testify as being worthy of acceptance.

Dr. Price treats all chronic diseases, no

matter. He has made his whole study,

both cause and cure, and his system of

treatment has developed in his numerous

patients, show that he has not studied in

vain. In every case that he has had in

this city, where his treatment was ad-

hered to, a complete cure has been ef-

fectly secured. There has been no single case

where his treatment was not successful, and

benefits were not derived. Dr. Price is a

man to be relied on. We have had per-

sonal dealings with him for over three

years, and found him true to his word in

every way. His personal character is be-

eyond impeachment in any way and we

have no hesitation in warmly recom-mend-

ing him to the public.

Those who desire to consult Dr. Price

can do so on his next visit to Janesville,

during Saturday and Sunday the 4th and

5th of February. Office at the Hyatt

House.

Dr. Price has visited Janesville without

missing a single engagement for six years.

23wladjan28-541.

CITY NOTICES.

GREAT SALE.—There will be a great sale

of jewelry and silver ware at the store op-

posite the Myers House, East Milwaukee

street, on Monday next. Choice of all to

be given for one dollar, and a present

is given to every one. dec4547.

OR ALL sides we hear the merits of the

Grover & Baker Sewing-Machine extolled.

The ladies declare it the "very best," and

prove it to us in so many undeniable facts

that we are bound to confess our con-

viction of the truth of the declaration. What

other machine will embroider so beau-

tifully, build so elegantly, hem so faultless-

ly, quilt so evenly, stitch so accurately,

gather so regularly, operate so easily? None,

we conscientiously affirm.

18dwtf403.

BADGER STATE GRAIN DRILL AND BROAD

CAST SOWER, COMBINED.—The Badger

State Grain Drill has now been made at

Janesville for four years. It is now made

with all the improvements which years of

experience have suggested.

The Badger State for 1885 can be changed

into a Broad Cast Sower and Cultiva-

tor in thirty minutes time.

It is now so arranged that by raising

the teeth, the feed is shut off, and by let-

ting the teeth down the feed is put on.

Again, the Badger State is now and always

has been the lightest draft of any drill in

the market.

The Badger State is warranted to be as

good a drill as any yet made. It is war-

ranted to be as good a broad cast sower as

any in market.

The Badger State will plant corn

beans in hills or in drills. It will sow

grass seed, clover and hay at the same

time that it is sowing other grain. It

sows grass seed either behind or before

the teeth.

The prices for the Badger State for 1885

will be—9 tooth, \$85; 10 do, \$90; 11 do,

\$95; 12 do, 100. Five dollars added for

Grass Seeder; \$2 added for Broad Cast.

Those wishing to buy a Drill, or Broad

Cast, will please bear in mind that the

Badger State is a good Drill, and also a

good Broad Cast, in addition to being a

good Corn Planter.

The Badger State is the only combined

Drill and Broad Cast in the market.

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